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4-2024

Peer-Navigator Support for Latinx Patients with Serious Mental Illness

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Recommended Citation

REACH Dissemination Committee, Maine, USA, "Peer-Navigator Support for Latinx Patients with Serious Mental Illness" (2024). REACH: Research Evidence-to-Action for Community Health. 28. https://knowledgeconnection.mainehealth.org/reach/28

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Peer-Navigator Support for Latinx Patients with Serious Mental Illness



People who have a serious mental illness (SMI), are at higher risk for other health problems. An SMI, such as depression or bipolar disorder, may make it hard for people to work or live on their own or to arrange for health care. These problems can be worse if language or cultural issues are barriers to receiving care.

This study looked at the impact of a peer navigator program (PNP) on efforts to address the health needs of Latinos with SMI.

LOCATION & POPULATION

- ▶ Chicago area health clinic
- ▶ 110 Latinx patients with a Serious Mental Illness (SMI)
- ▶ 63% preferred to speak Spanish
- ▶ 72% born outside of the U.S.
- ▶ 58% Women
- ▶ Average age: 46



STUDY DESIGN

The research team compared two types of care to see how well they helped Latinx patients with an SMI get the care they need.

Randomization of Participants

INTEGRATED CARE

physical and mental health care at the same clinic

INTEGRATED CARE

physical and mental health care at the same clinic

Peer Navigator Program

Peer Navigator Program

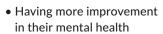
- ▶ Peer navigators are in recovery from SMI and have backgrounds similar to patients
- ▶ Talked with patients by phone once a week
- ▶ Helped patients find and use healthcare services
- ▶ Answered patients' questions
- ▶ Talked to patients about their health goals
- ▶ Peer navigators had an initial 20 hours of training, then ongoing training and support





FINDINGS

- Compared with Latinx patients who didn't work with a peer navigator, patients who did reported:
 - More scheduled doctors' visits
 - Going to more of their scheduled doctors' visits





- Feeling more in control of their health
- Having better quality of life



Latinx patients who didn't work with a peer navigator and patients who did reported similar physical health

USED ACRONYMS

SMI – serious mental illness

PNP – peer navigation program

Key Take-Away

Peer navigator programs may help Latinx patients with serious mental illness make and keep medical appointments. They may also positively affect recovery from SMI and quality of life.

REFERENCES

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